

AVOID COSTLY BREAKDOWNS MID-WINTER BY PREPARING NOW

Check the pump is free and not seized up On some pumps, you can turn the fan by hand. By moving the fan slowly by hand, seal failure in the event of partial seizure can be prevented.
Bleed the system to check no air is inside the pump
Check any associated filters (if fitted) are clean
Ensure isolation valves are open We recommend all gate valves are opened fully, then one half turn back to prevent seizure.
Check expansion bellows • Fixing bolts are tight • Rubber is not perished
 Test run pump(s) There should be no leaks from the pump. If there is a small weep, leave the pump to run for a short period, to give it time to bed back in. If the leak continues, contact our office to discuss what further actions should be taken. The pump should run smoothly and without excessive noise. If the noise is coming from the impeller end of the pump, leave it to run for a short period as a build up of scale may have formed. If the noise is from the motor end, contact our office to discuss which further actions to take.
Check controls and inverters (where fitted) for any fault codes • Some fault codes may require a simple reset, whilst others require engineer attention. Refer to manufacturer's manual or contact our technical support team for advice.
Is the demand on your system still the same? Read the energy saving checklist on our website to ensure your system is optimised.

